

Przeciwdziałanie nagrzewaniu się miast, poprawa bioróżnorodności w miastach poprzez implementację w istniejącej strukturze miast rozwiązań opartych o naturę.

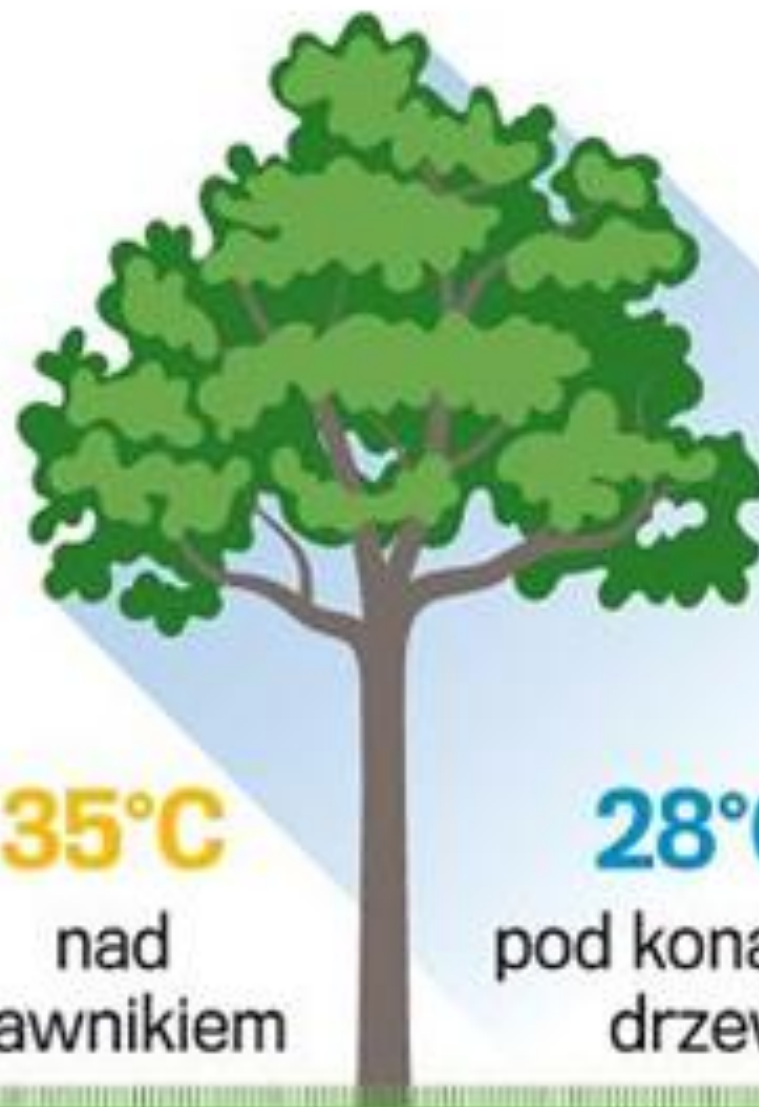
Wykład 4 - NBS



WPŁYW DRZEW NA OBNIŻENIE TEMPERATURY W LECIE



32°C
temperatura
powietrza



52°C
nad
asfaltem

43°C
nad
betonem

35°C
nad
trawnikiem

28°C
pod konarami
drzew



PROCES OCZYSZCZANIA POWIETRZA PRZEZ DRZEWA

ZANIECZYSZCZONE
POWIETRZE



OCZYSZCZONE
POWIETRZE

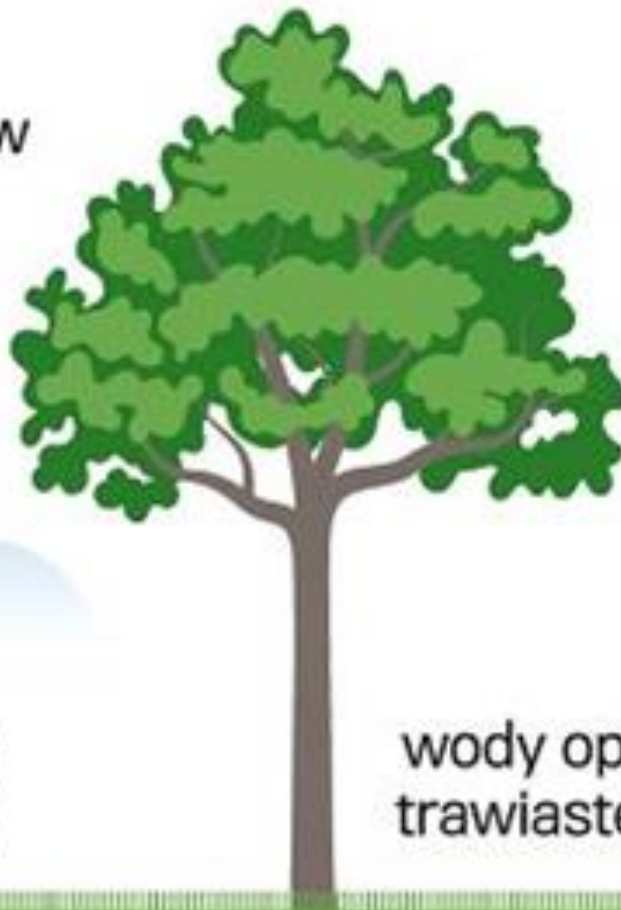
1. Podczas fotosyntezy razem z CO_2 pochłaniane są trujące gazy

2. Powierzchnia liści i parująca z nich woda zatrzymują cząsteczki kurzu

3. Deszcz zmywa z liści osadzone cząsteczki kurzu

ROLA DRZEW W OGRANICZENIU ODPŁYWU WÓD OPADOWYCH

1. Woda opadowa zatrzymuje się na liściach, co opóźnia tzw. odpływ szczytowy oraz zapobiega erozji powierzchni gleby. Część wody odparowuje, a niewielka ilość jest absorbowana przez drzewo



2. Spływająca z liści woda jest zatrzymywana w nierównościach gruntu utworzonych przez korzenie i w opadłych liściach

55%

wody opadowej z utwardzonych powierzchni sływa do kanalizacji

10%

wody opadowej z powierzchni trawiastej sływa do kanalizacji

3. Korzenie pobierają wilgoć z gleby, zwiększając jej pojemność wodną

<https://www.facebook.com/drzewa.polski/photos/>







Learn about i-Tree

More than beauty and shade, trees work hard for us all.

Explore how trees improve the environment in communities big and small, urban and rural... even in your own backyard!



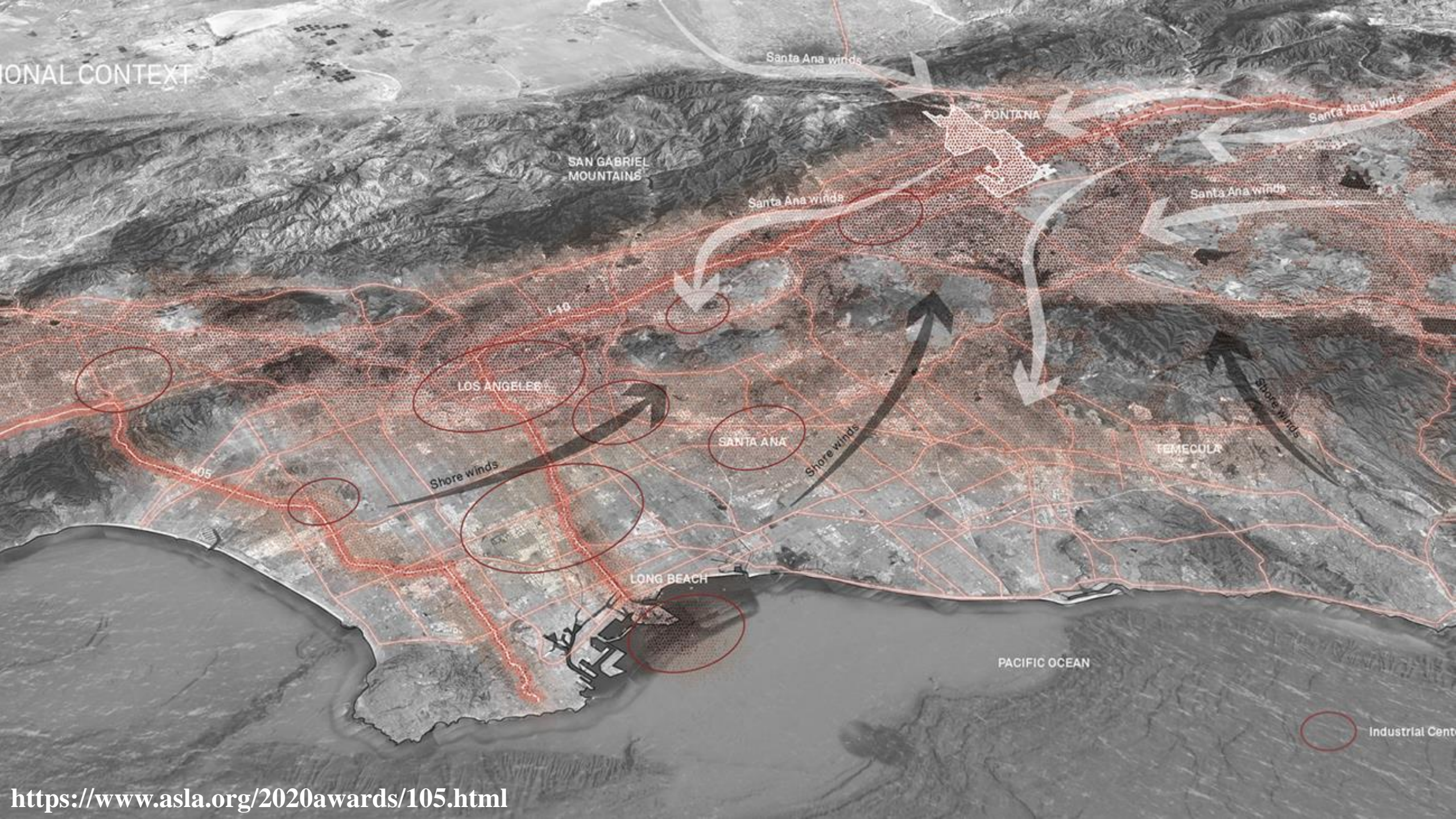




POLICIA



REGIONAL CONTEXT



TREE CANOPY COMPARISON

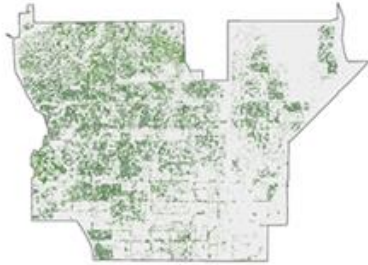


0.36%

FONTANA

City Size: 43 mi²
 Population: 214,238
 Population/mi²: 4,982/mi²
 Medium Household Income: \$71,133

Note: Green dots represent existing tree canopy.
 Source: i-tree landscape



1.01%

RANCHO CUCAMONGA

City Size: 40 mi²
 Population: 177,080
 Population/mi²: 4,427/mi²
 Medium Household Income: \$87,357



1.62%

REDLANDS

City Size: 36 mi²
 Population: 72,172
 Population/mi²: 2,004/mi²
 Medium Household Income: \$74,993



5.39%

PASADENA

City Size: 23 mi²
 Population: 144,929
 Population/mi²: 6,301/mi²
 Medium Household Income: \$84,613

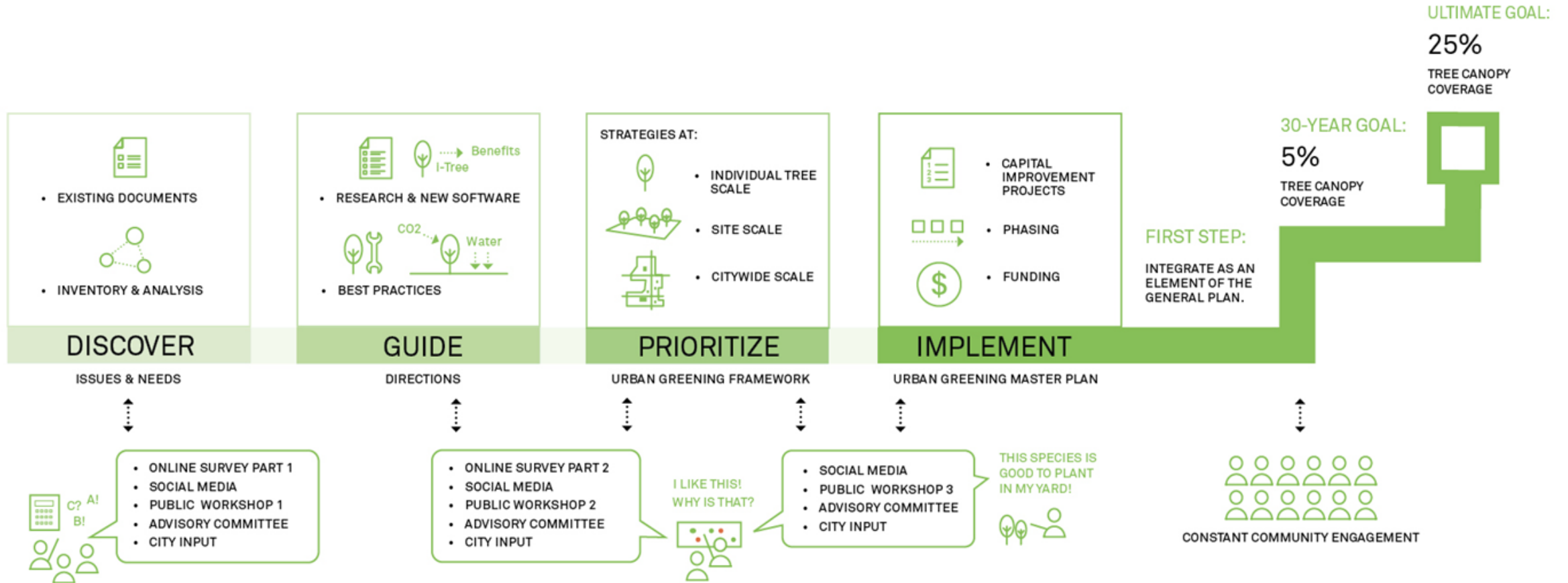


26.54%

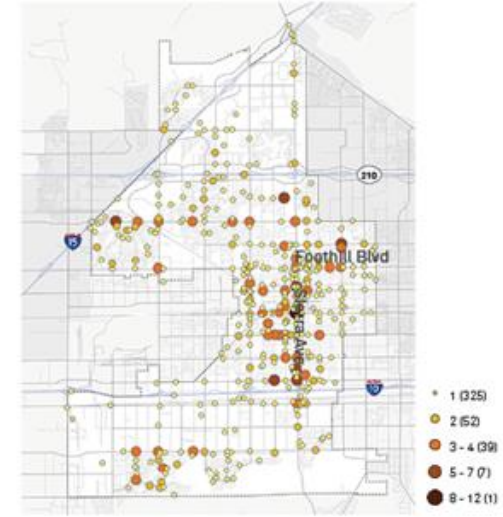
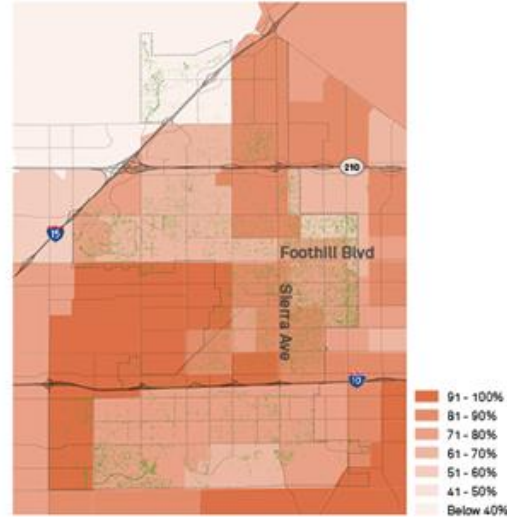
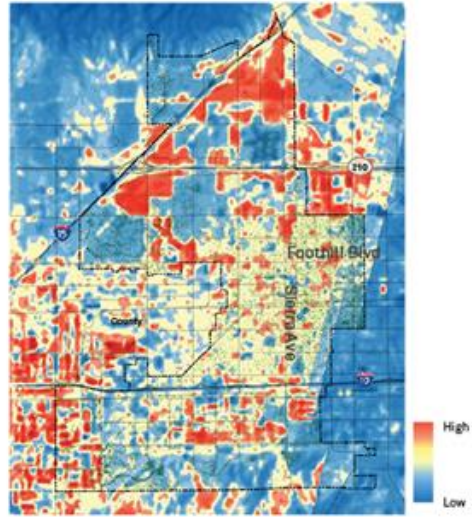
BEVERLY HILLS

City Size: 5.7 mi²
 Population: 35,447
 Population/mi²: 6,219/mi²
 Medium Household Income: \$112,107

PROCESS



DISCOVER ISSUES & NEEDS



EXISTING TREE CANOPY

Tree population is young.



0.3%

Of street trees in Fontana are larger than 31" DBH.

LAND SURFACE TEMPERATURE



Land surface temperature is increased with the density of urban built-up and barren land, but decreased with vegetation cover.

CALENVIROSCREEN 3.0 RESULTS



CalEnviroScreen uses environmental, health, and socioeconomic information to produce scores. An area with a high score is one that experiences a much higher pollution burden than areas with low scores.

PEDESTRIAN & BICYCLIST COLLISIONS

One of the goals in this plan is to promote active transportation. Streets with the most severe collision condition are prioritized for street redesign to be greener, safer for all types of transportation modes.



COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

COMMUNITY WORKSHOPS

DOTTING EXERCISE

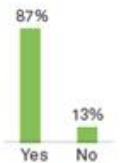
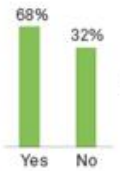
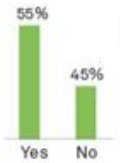
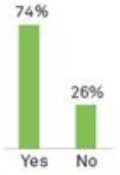


TREE PALETTE



ONLINE SURVEYS

VISUAL PREFERENCE



SAMPLE QUESTIONS

I see the greatest benefits of Fontana's urban greening plan to be (Pick 4)?



Where should the City start Urban Greening?



SOCIAL MEDIA POSTS

BILINGUAL POSTERS

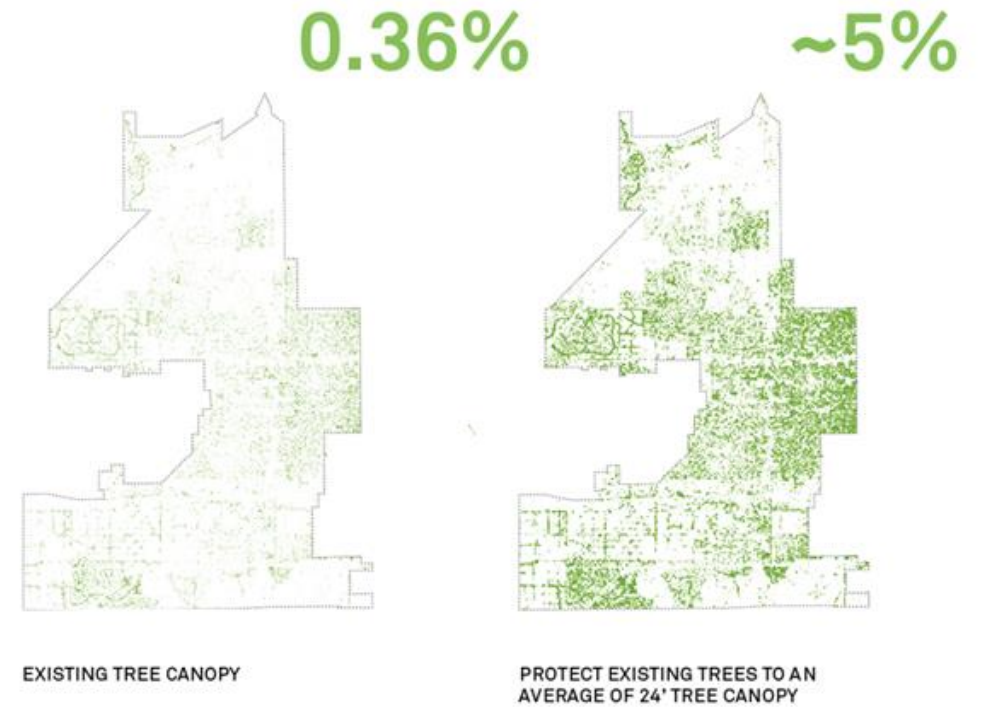


EXISTING TREE PRESERVATION

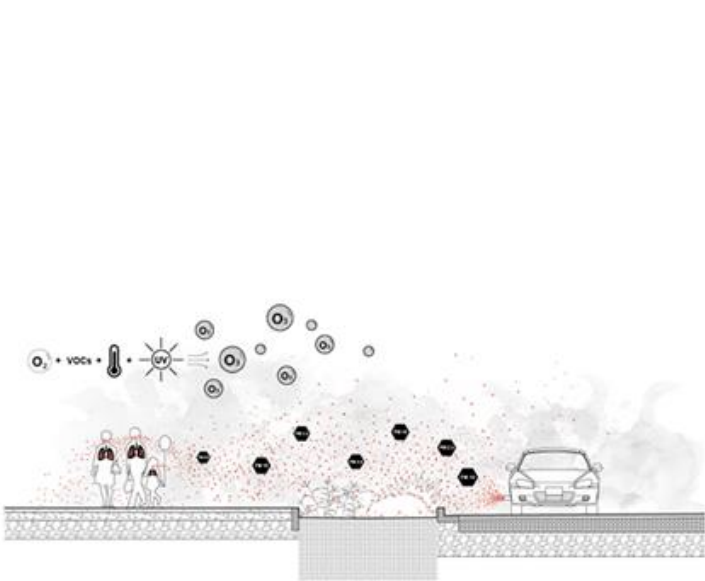
ONE CANARY ISLAND PINE
IN SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL



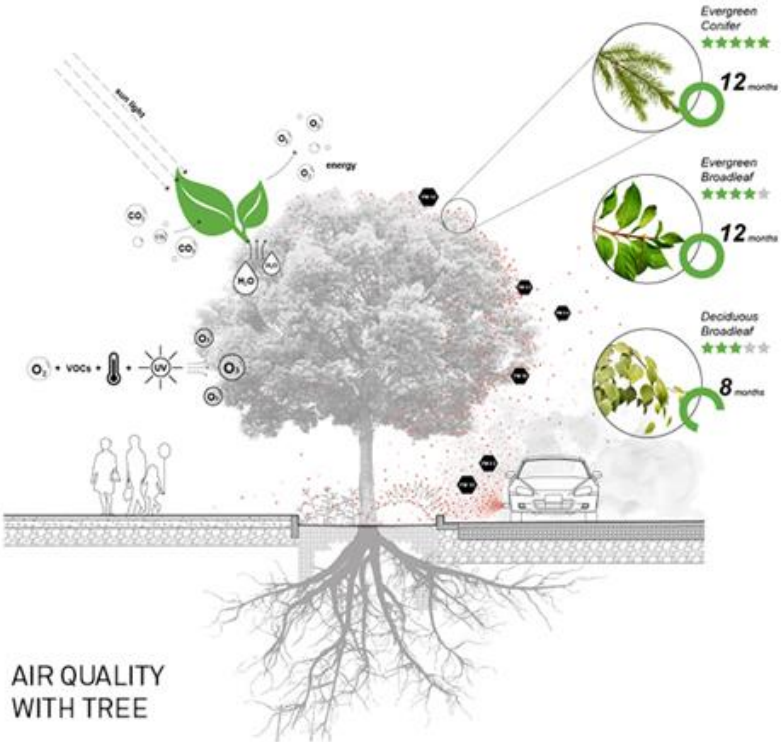
WHAT IF FONTANA JUST PROTECT ALL EXISTING TREES
WITHOUT NEW TREE PLANTING?



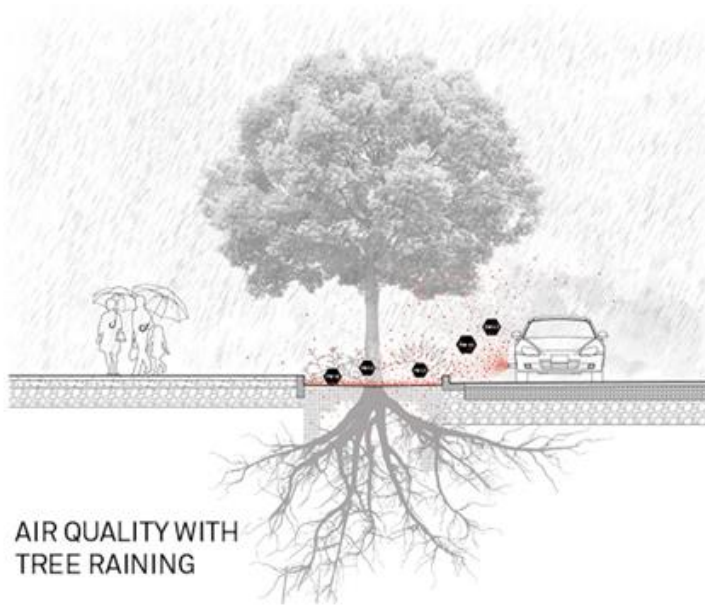
URBAN GREENING AND AIR QUALITY STUDY



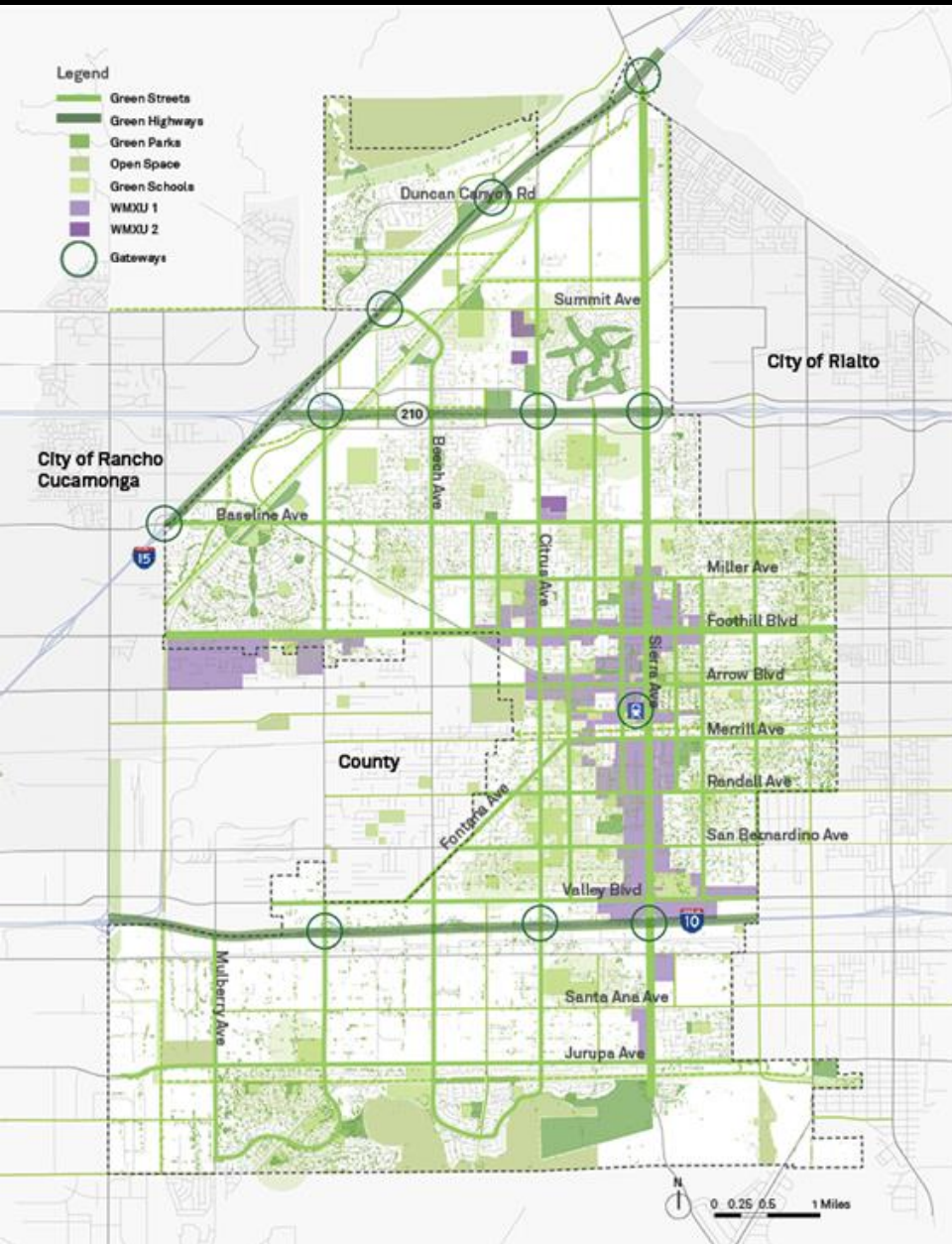
AIR QUALITY WITH NO TREE



AIR QUALITY WITH TREE

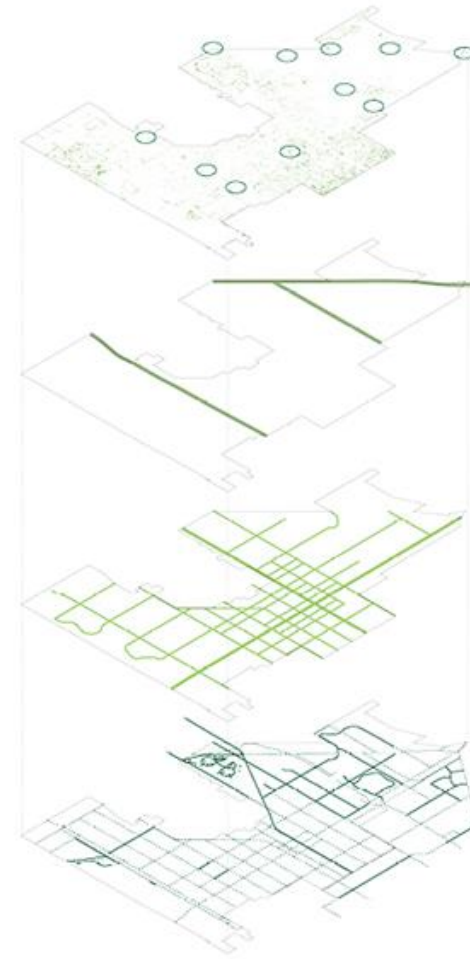


AIR QUALITY WITH TREE RAINING

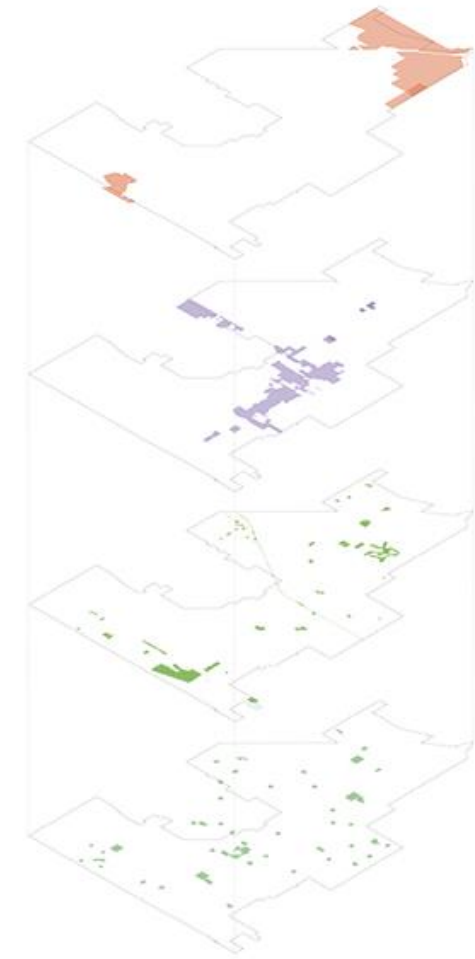


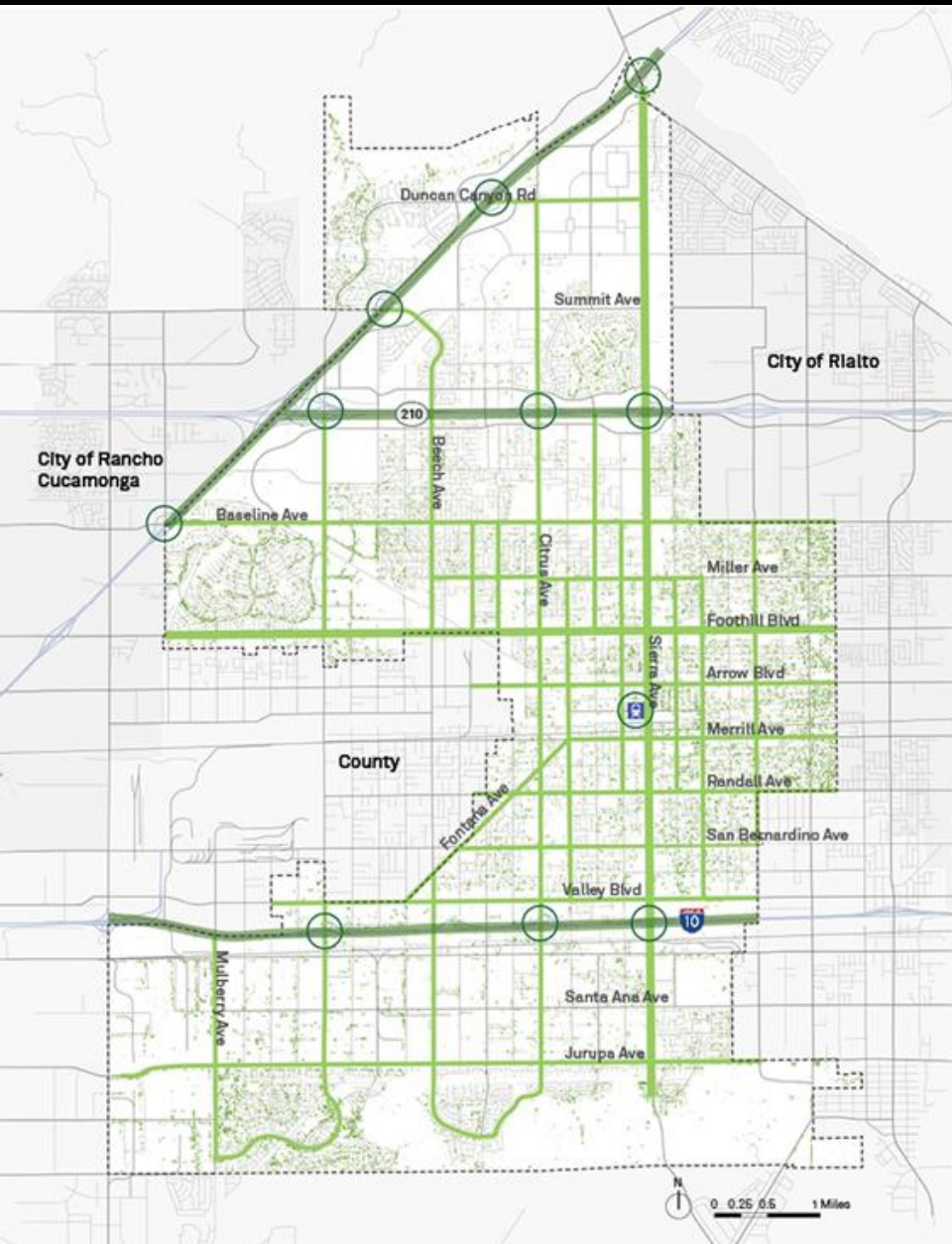
URBAN GREENING FRAMEWORK

GREEN STREETS



GREEN PLACES





GREEN STREETS

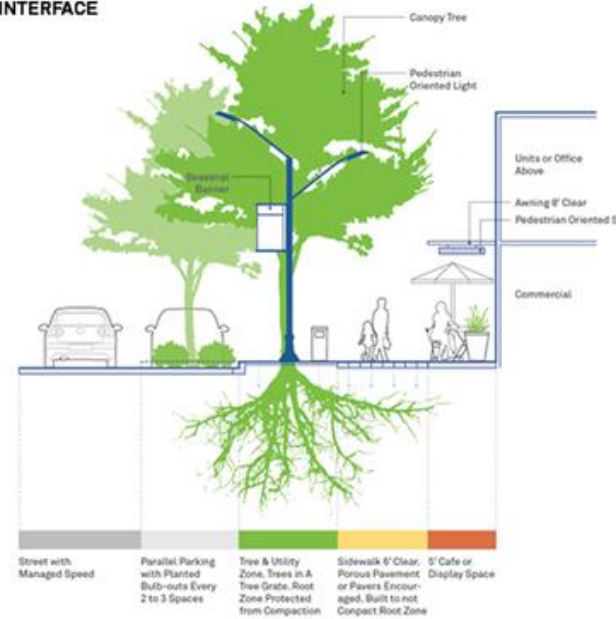
THE CITY MAINTAINS
497 MILES OF STREETS

ASSUMPTION
2,500 sqFT
 PER 100 FT OF STREET

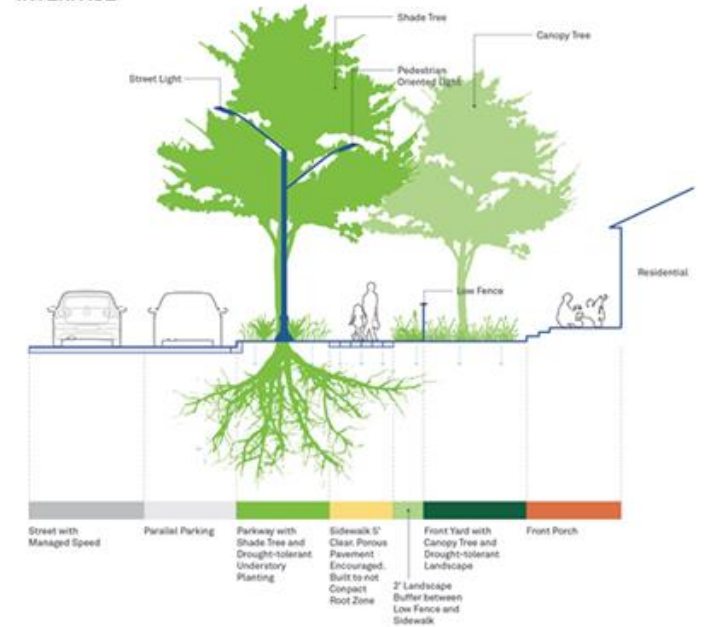
BEST CASE SCENARIO
 TREE CANOPY COVERAGE THAT ALL CITY MAINTAINED
 STREETS CAN PROVIDE IS:
4.8%

STREET & PLACE INTERFACE

LANDSCAPE IN
 RESIDENTIAL
 INTERFACE



LANDSCAPE IN
 COMMERCIAL
 INTERFACE



SIERRA AVENUE



TREE CANOPY



TEMPERATURE



HUMAN COMFORT

EXISTING



TREE CANOPY



TEMPERATURE



HUMAN COMFORT

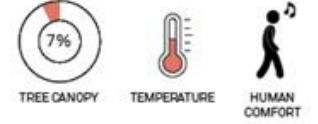
PROPOSED



FOOTHILL BOULEVARD



EXISTING



PROPOSED



GREEN PLACES

BEST CASE SCENARIO:

TREE CANOPY COVERAGE ALL GREEN PLACES CAN PROVIDE IS:

12.6%

WALKABLE MIXED-USE

SITE SCALE



TREE CANOPY COVERAGE

Existing 1%
Proposed 8%

LANDSCAPE AREA + PERMEABLE SURFACE + GREEN ROOF

Existing 3%
Proposed 28%

RESIDENTIAL



TREE CANOPY COVERAGE

Existing 5%
Proposed 17%

LANDSCAPE AREA + PERMEABLE SURFACE + GREEN ROOF

Existing 53%
Proposed 63%

PARKS & OPEN SPACE



TREE CANOPY COVERAGE

Existing 9%
Proposed 11%

LANDSCAPE AREA + PERMEABLE SURFACE + GREEN ROOF

Existing 58%
Proposed 65%

CITY SCALE



TOTAL: 2,039 ACRES

TREE CANOPY COVERAGE PERCENTAGE

0.5%

CO2 REDUCTION

0.92%



TOTAL: 15,409 ACRES

TREE CANOPY COVERAGE PERCENTAGE

8.3%

CO2 REDUCTION

2.59%



TOTAL: 2,564 ACRES

TREE CANOPY COVERAGE PERCENTAGE

0.9%

CO2 REDUCTION

15.06%

GREEN PLACES

COMMERCIAL SITE SCALE



TREE CANOPY COVERAGE

Existing 0.5%
Proposed 7%

LANDSCAPE AREA + PERMEABLE SURFACE + GREEN ROOF

Existing 3%
Proposed 27%

INDUSTRIAL



TREE CANOPY COVERAGE

Existing 3%
Proposed 8%

LANDSCAPE AREA + PERMEABLE SURFACE + GREEN ROOF

Existing 7%
Proposed 31%

SCHOOLS & PUBLIC FACILITIES



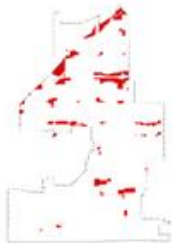
TREE CANOPY COVERAGE

Existing 7%
Proposed 9%

LANDSCAPE AREA + PERMEABLE SURFACE + GREEN ROOF

Existing 48%
Proposed 55%

CITY SCALE



TOTAL: 1,825 ACRES

TREE CANOPY COVERAGE PERCENTAGE

0.4%

CO2 REDUCTION

0.84%



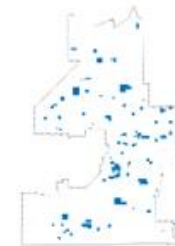
TOTAL: 8,505 ACRES

TREE CANOPY COVERAGE PERCENTAGE

2.1%

CO2 REDUCTION

1.80%



TOTAL: 1,248 ACRES

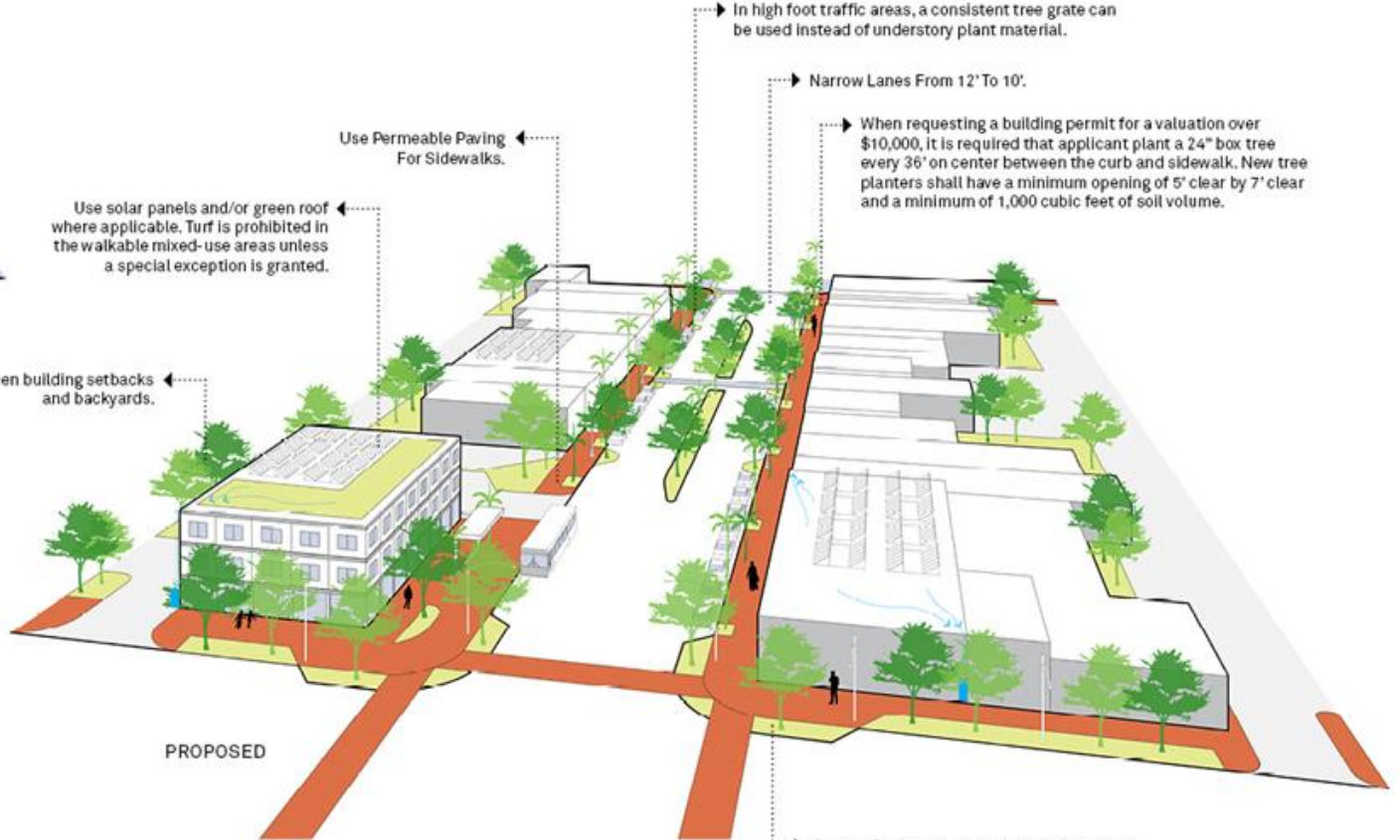
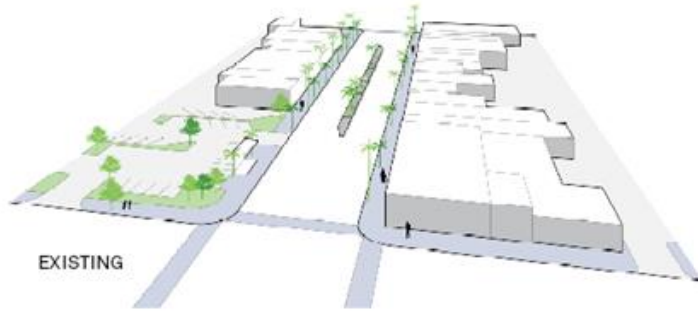
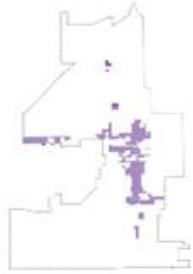
TREE CANOPY COVERAGE PERCENTAGE

0.4%

CO2 REDUCTION

0.10%

WALKABLE MIXED-USE



LAND DISTRIBUTION

EXISTING



PROPOSED



- Impermeable Surface Area
- Permeable Surface Area
- Landscape Area
- Hard Rooftop Surface Area
- Green Rooftop Surface Area

TREE CANOPY COVERAGE

- Existing 1%
- Proposed 8%

LANDSCAPE AREA + PERMEABLE SURFACE + GREEN ROOF

- Existing 3%
- Proposed 28%

Use solar panels and/or green roof where applicable. Turf is prohibited in the walkable mixed-use areas unless a special exception is granted.

Use Permeable Paving For Sidewalks.

Green building setbacks and backyards.

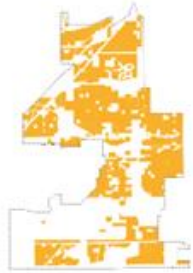
In high foot traffic areas, a consistent tree grate can be used instead of understory plant material.

Narrow Lanes From 12' To 10'.

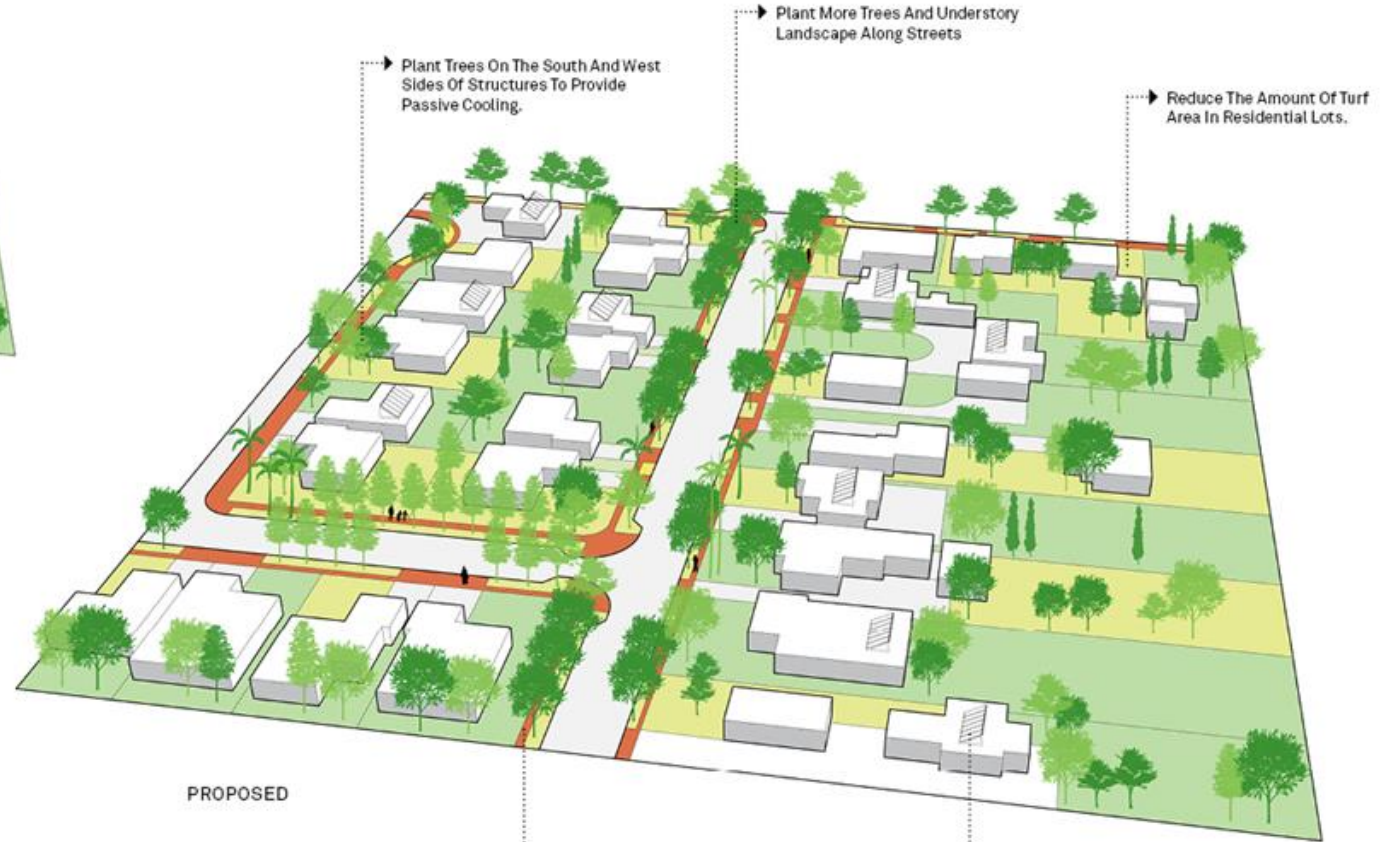
When requesting a building permit for a valuation over \$10,000, it is required that applicant plant a 24" box tree every 36' on center between the curb and sidewalk. New tree planters shall have a minimum opening of 5' clear by 7' clear and a minimum of 1,000 cubic feet of soil volume.

Create "Bulb-out" areas at the intersections with unique landscape.

RESIDENTIAL



EXISTING



PROPOSED

Plant Trees On The South And West Sides Of Structures To Provide Passive Cooling.

Plant More Trees And Understory Landscape Along Streets

Reduce The Amount Of Turf Area In Residential Lots.

Use Permeable Paving For Sidewalks Where Applicable.

Encourage The Use Of Solar Panels.

LAND DISTRIBUTION

EXISTING



PROPOSED



- Impermeable Surface Area
- Permeable Surface Area
- Landscape Area
- Hard Rooftop Surface Area
- Green Rooftop Surface Area

TREE CANOPY COVERAGE



LANDSCAPE AREA + PERMEABLE SURFACE + GREEN ROOF



PARK & OPEN SPACE



EXISTING

LAND DISTRIBUTION

EXISTING



PROPOSED

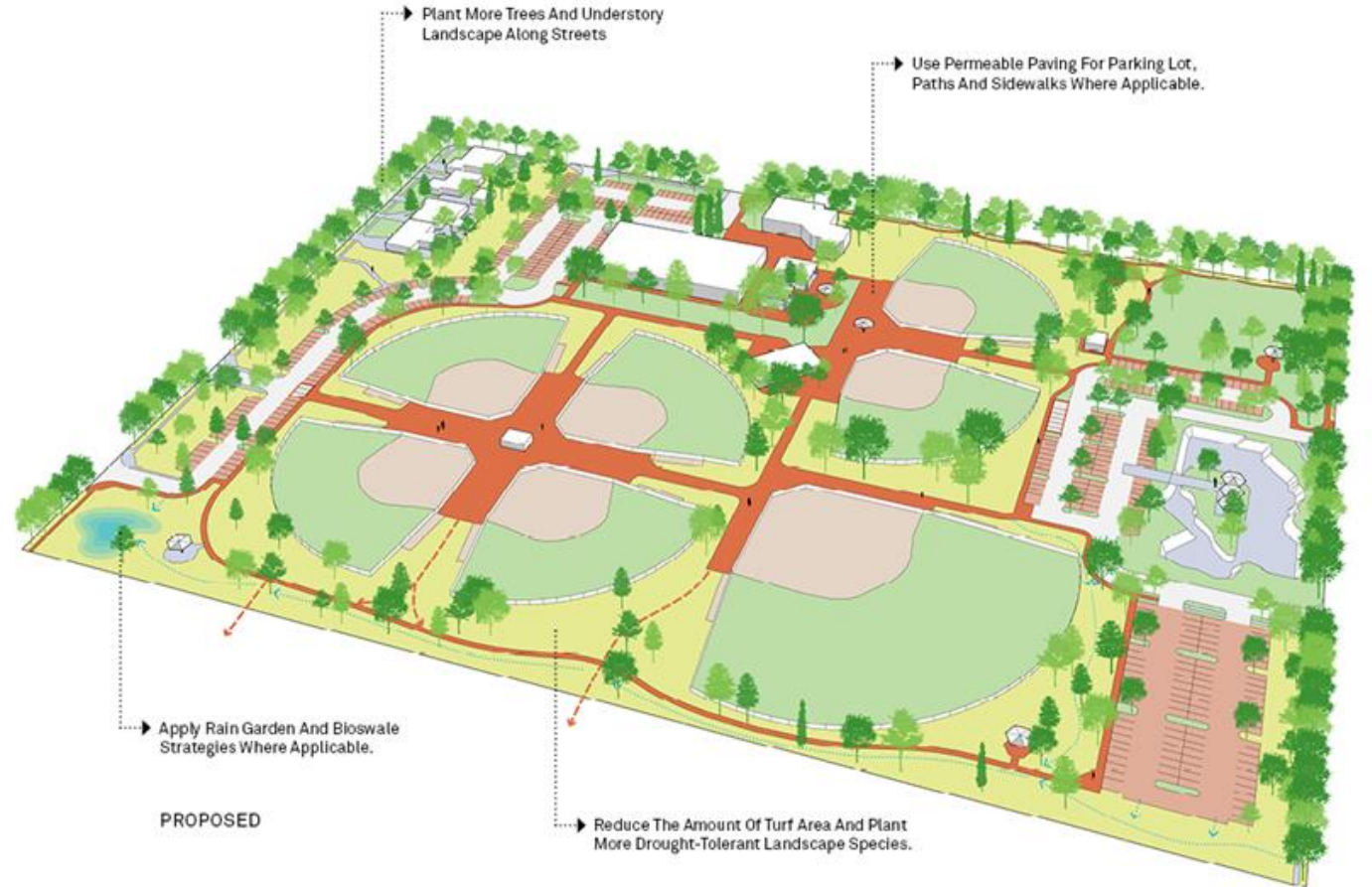


- Impermeable Surface Area
- Permeable Surface Area
- Landscape Area
- Hard Rooftop Surface Area
- Green Rooftop Surface Area

TREE CANOPY COVERAGE

- Existing 9%
- Proposed 11%

LANDSCAPE AREA + PERMEABLE SURFACE + GREEN ROOF



PROPOSED

Milano, 2015

A pilot project for Urban Algae Farming
by ecologicStudio

Supported by:

COOP

Expo Milano 2015

Twin Europe



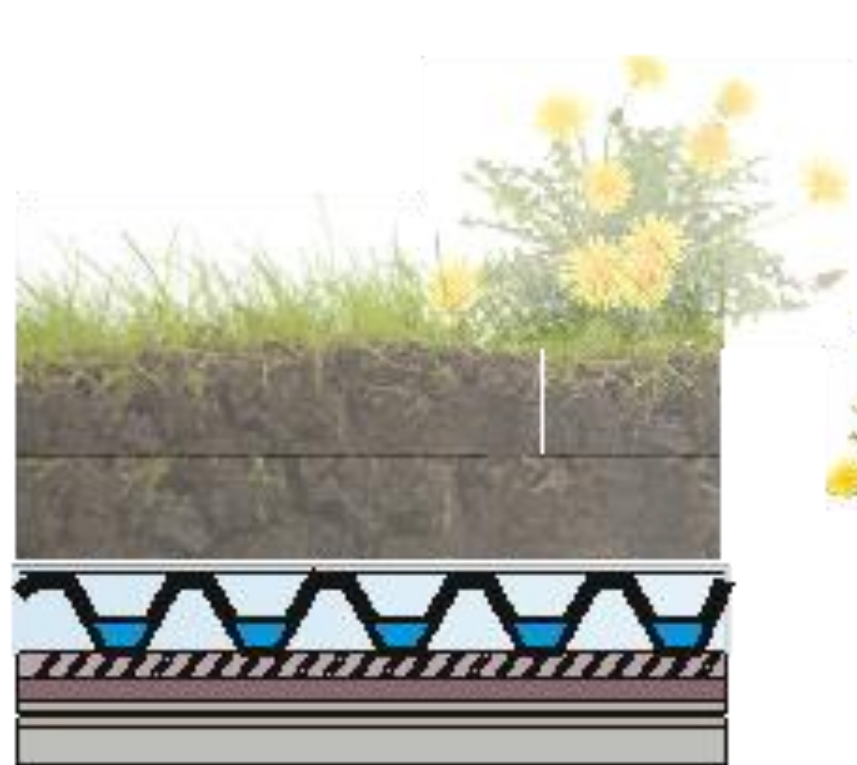
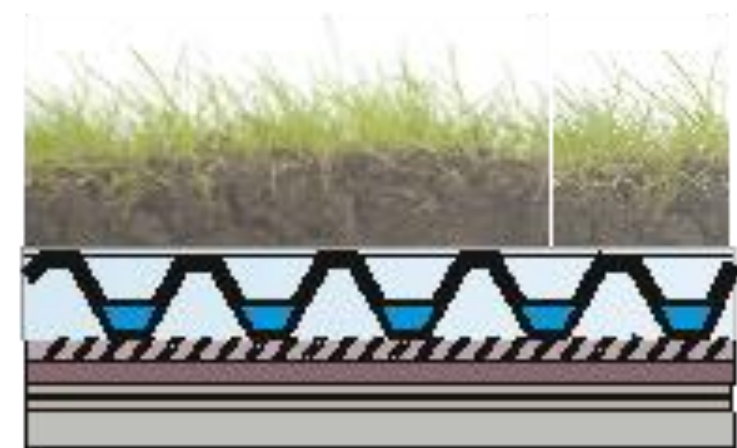


2010.08.18



2010.08.18











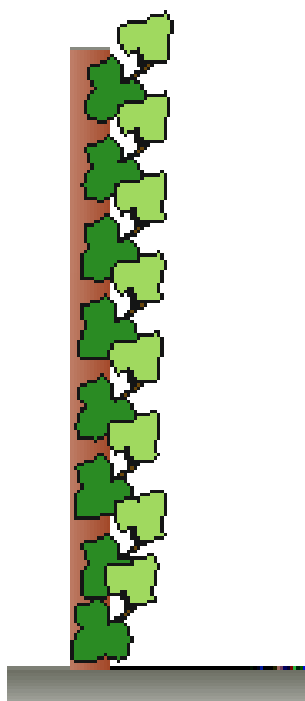
2010 08 03



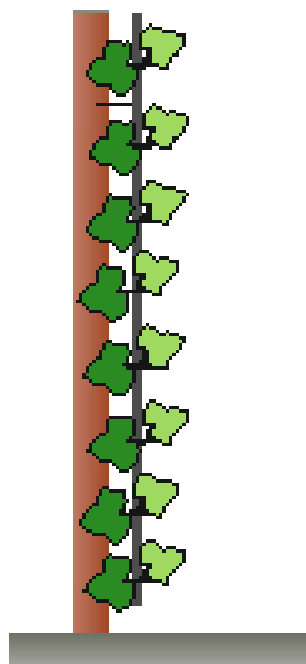
2010 08 03



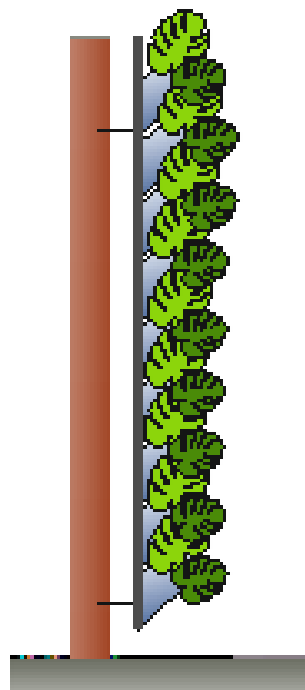




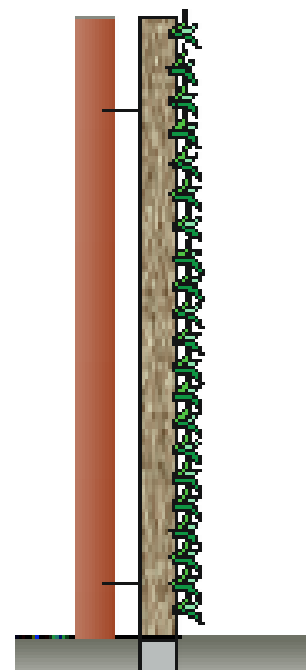
„Żyjąca ściana” z
pnączy bez podpór.



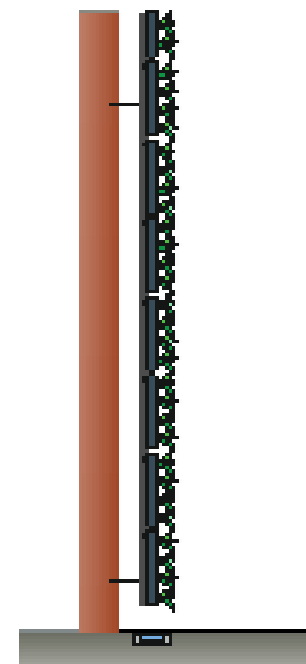
„Żyjąca ściana” z
pnączy z podporami i



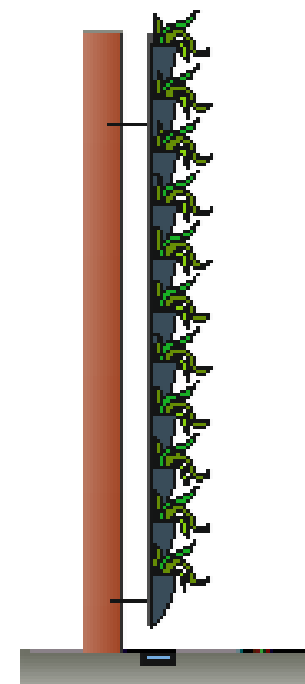
„Żyjąca ściana”-
pojemnikowa.



„Wertykalny ogród”-
gabionowy.



„Wertykalny ogród”-
modułowy.



„Wertykalny ogród”-
trójwarstwowy.











2010.08.02













